

**CHRONOLOGY**

**OF THE**

**392<sup>D</sup> MISSILE**

**TRAINING**

**SQUADRON**

**(THOR)**

**VANDENBERG AFB, CALIF.**

CHRONOLOGY OF THE  
392D MISSILE TRAINING SQUADRON  
(IRBM-THOR)

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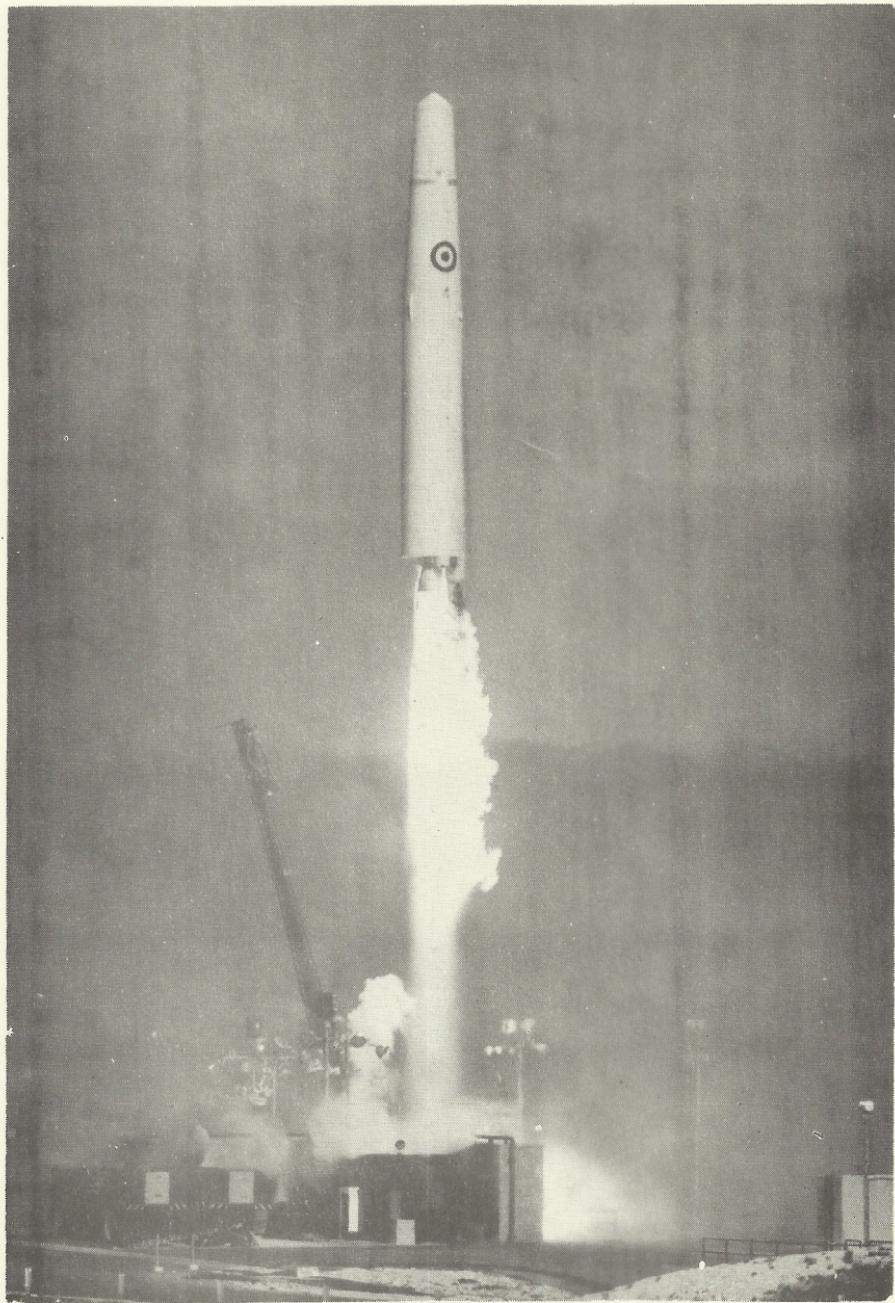
## PREFACE

In late November 1955 the Air Force was directed by the Secretary of Defense to initiate a developmental program for an intermediate range ballistic missile. In March 1957, during the Bermuda conference between President Dwight D. Eisenhower and Prime Minister Harold Macmillan, the United States offered to provide intermediate range ballistic missiles to the United Kingdom. The purpose: to bolster the free world's defense of the North Atlantic Treaty area.

Those two events provide the background for the activities of the 392d Missile Training Squadron (IRBM-THOR). Constituted in May 1957, this unique organization during the next several years proceeded to carry out the mission of training itself and then hundreds of Royal Air Force missilemen. The enclosed detailed chronology, compiled by Staff Sergeant Ray A. Hanner, Jr., encompasses not only the major organizational events affecting the Squadron, but also the THOR program itself; a program which, in the words of Air Vice Marshal Walter C. Sheehan, has constituted "the most remarkable project between two countries to come to fruition since the war."



Carl Berger  
Command Historian  
1 August 1961



The Royal Air Force launches its 15th THOR IRBM from Vandenberg Air Force Base, 13 December 1960. It was the sixth combat training (proficiency) firing.

## CHRONOLOGY OF THE 392D MISSILE TRAINING SQUADRON (IRBM-THOR)

1957

23 May - The 392d Strategic Missile Squadron (Training) was constituted this date. Operational control was to be exercised by the Air Force Ballistic Missile Division, Headquarters, Air Research and Development Command. The Squadron was assigned to the 704th Strategic Missile Wing, also activated 23<sup>1</sup> May 1957.

22 July - Announcement of reassignment of the 704th Strategic Missile Wing and the 392d Strategic Missile Squadron (Training) to the 1st Missile Division, Air Research<sup>2</sup> and Development Command, effective, 1 August 1957.

12 August - The Squadron was redesignated as the 392d Missile Training Squadron following an Air Force decision that the term "Strategic" should be reserved for units destined to have a direct operational capability commitment.<sup>3</sup>

10 September - At a training facility conference at Inglewood, California, 10-20 September 1957 the Squadron was

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1. Hq ARDC GO No. 20, 23 May 57.
2. Hq ARDC GO No. 35, 22 Jul 57.
3. Hq ARDC GO No. 45, 12 Aug 57.

1957

informed its training mission would center on the  
1  
SM-75 (THOR) missile.

15 September - The 392d Missile Training Squadron was formally activated at Vandenberg (then Cooke) Air Force  
2  
Base, Lompoc, California. The first commander of the unit, Major Richard A. Plumley, assumed command on this date but continued to work with the Air Force Ballistic Missile Division in Ingle-  
3  
wood, California.

25 October - Major Robert C. Owens was the second commander of the Squadron. He also remained at the Air Force Ballistic Missile Division and continued his pre-  
4  
vious activities with the echelon.

13 November - One of the first three permanent personnel assigned to the Squadron, Major Charles E. Bruck, assumed command of the unit on this date, vice Major  
5  
Robert C. Owens.

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1. Extracts from Training Facility Review Conference Report, 10-20 September 1957, History, 704th Strategic Missile Wing, Jul-Dec 57.
2. Hq ARDC GO No. 44, 2 Aug 57.
3. 392MTS SO No. 1, 15 Sep 57.
4. 392MTS SO No. 3, 25 Oct 57.
5. Hq 1MD GO No. 19, 21 Nov 57.

1957

29 November - General Thomas D. White, USAF Chief of Staff, announced plans to transfer the 1st Missile Division, and responsibility for developing the initial operational capability, from the Air Research and Development Command to the Strategic Air Command. On this same date General Thomas S. Power, Commander-in-Chief of SAC, named Major General David Wade, his Chief of Staff, to head the 1st Missile Division.  
<sup>1</sup>

11 December - The first 392d personnel to undergo training involved a group of five officers and six enlisted men attending an eight week "instructor training" course at Sheppard AFB, Texas.  
<sup>2</sup>

31 December - The Air Research and Development Command relinquished control of the 1st Missile Division and its subordinate commands (including the 392d Missile Training Squadron) to the Strategic Air Command, effective 1 January 1958.  
<sup>3</sup>

31 December - The 392d, four and one-half months after formal

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1. History, 1MD, (Unclassified), 11 Apr 60, p. 77.

2. Ltr, Cmdr, 704SMW, 11 Dec 57, History, 704SMW, Jul-Dec 57, p. 14.

3. Hq SAC Rpt, "Progressive Development of SAC 1946-1957", p. 56.

1957

activation, had 14 officers and 16 enlisted personnel assigned.

1958

1 January - SAC assumed control of Headquarters, 1st Missile  
\* <sup>1</sup>  
Division and its subordinate units.

5 March - Colonel Robert W. Christy assumed command of the 392d vice Major Charles E. Bruck, who assumed duties as Deputy Commander of the Squadron.

1 April - Effective this date the 392d Missile Training Squadron was further redesignated the 392d <sup>2</sup> Missile Training Squadron (IRBM).

8 July - Following establishment of an RAF liaison office at Vandenberg, the first Royal Air Force officer to be assigned to Vandenberg AFB, Flying Officer <sup>3</sup> Cyril D. Quinton, arrived on base.

12 August - The first operational SM-75 (THOR) missile arrived at Vandenberg AFB.

20 August - Forty-seven Royal Air Force (RAF) and 10 USAF

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1. Hq SAC GO No. 1, 2 Jan 58.

2. Hq SAC GO No. 19, 3 Apr 58.

3. History, 1MD, (Unclassified), 11 Apr 60, p. 36.

\* Redesignated as the 1st Strategic Aerospace Division (effective 21 July 1961), the command controls the activities of three operational ICBM squadrons and supports Air Force polar orbiting satellite launches on the West Coast.

1958

students started interim (non-hardware) Integrated Weapon System Training under the direction of the 392d instructor personnel. The British represented the 77th Strategic Missile Squadron (RAF).<sup>1</sup>

16 December - On this date the first THOR intermediate range ballistic missile was successfully launched from Vandenberg AFB by a 392d SAC crew. Members included: Captain Bennie Castillo, Launch Control Officer; Captain John Bon Tempo, Systems Monitor; SMSgt Charles E. Gifford, Launch Monitor Control Officer; MSgt Max L. Meyers, Guidance Alignment Technician; MSgt William L. Hodges, Missile Technician; and MSgt Michael J. Aueri, Missile Technician. Major General David Wade, in a report to General Thomas S. Power on the operation, listed a number of historic "firsts" resulting from the launch. It was, he said: (1) The first ballistic missile fired from Vandenberg westward into the Pacific Missile Range. (2) The first known operation in which new equipment, a new missile, new personnel and a new organization had been successfully integrated. (3) The first completely

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1. History, 1MD, Jan-Dec 58, p. 96.

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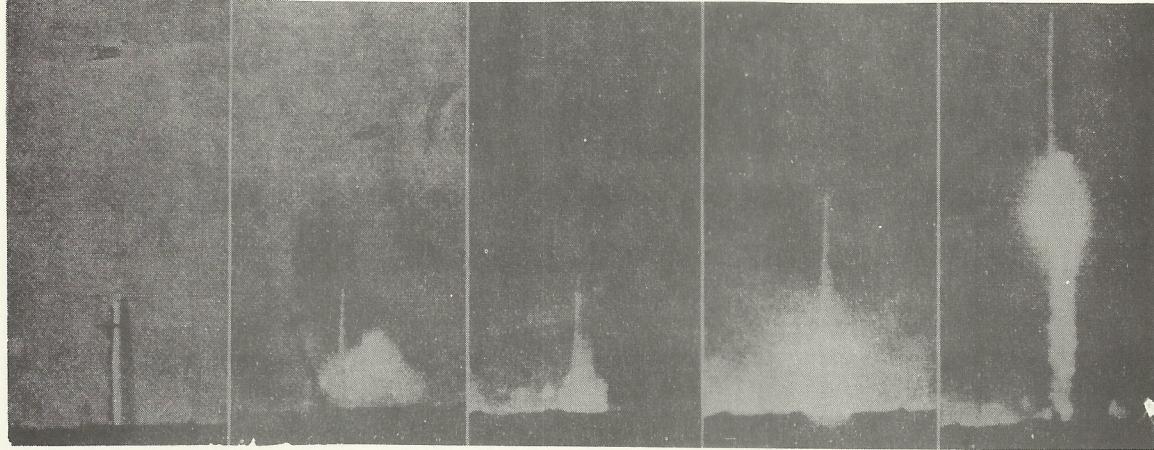
WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 17, 1958

88 PAGE

DAILY D

# LAUNCH THOR MISSILE FROM NEW CAL. BASE

## Thor Missile Blasts Off to Open West Coast Base



**WEST COAST DEBUT**—This long-range sequence shows the Thor ballistic missile, the first ever fired by a combat crew blasting off in its West Coast debut to inaugurate the new Vandenberg Air Force Base.

# PACIFIC MISSILE SOARS

## First Fired By AF Crew

By RALPH DIGHTON

VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE (P) — An Air Force crew lobbed a combat-type Thor missile 1,500 miles westward over the Pacific missile range yesterday.

minutes later it was out of sight and racing toward its target area at speeds approaching 10,000 mph.

"Let's go, baby girl," a Air Force officer shouted prayerfully as the medium range ballistic missile started on its journey.

clear warhead, but did not yesterday.

warm and with only a slight breeze. But coastal fog was starting to roll in as the bird took wing.

THE MISSILE was in sight for a little over three minutes before fading from sight. A mighty

John C. Ben Tempo of Alquippa, Pa., conducted the firing.

It was the first of many practice shots of various kinds of weapons at this 64,000-acre base. This first one was little more than a test of new launching and tracking facilities.

falling into sight. A mighty tracking machine shone a searchlight beam from nearly 200 crewmen watching from about  $1\frac{1}{4}$  miles away, as the white needle rose vertically, then nosed over toward the west.

The shot was delayed 3½ hours by unexplained technical difficulties.

But soon the large missiles were fired, and the searchlight beam followed, perhaps

The firing was from one of eight Thor launching pads on the edge of the blue Pacific.

A-6 Los Angeles Herald & Express SC Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1952

## **Thors Fly 1500 Miles Over Sea**

## U.S. Shows Missile Punch Over Atlantic and Pacific

By FORD CLEERI

By FORD CLEBURNE  
Herald-Express Staff Reporter  
VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, Dec. 17.—In an awesome display of two-ocean punch, America has rocketed two Thor missiles 1500 miles over the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, landing five miles from

One of the 65-foot-long end of the year. Douglas Thoras powered by a 10,000 M. P. H. Breckinridge engine roared off. The Thor leaped skyward before the program before the was a great success, despite a 3-hour 28-minute delay in the final half hour of the countdown. The delay was

here yesterday at 10,000 miles necessitated mainly by minor damage to the aircraft. The first flight was made yesterday, marking the launching at this base and, but several minutes successful entry of this base into the Air Force.

1958

automatic launch of a fully operational ballistic missile using normal launch procedures. (4) The first ballistic missile to be launched by a Strategic Air Command operational crew.<sup>1</sup>

22 December - As of this date a total of 411 British and American personnel had been trained in the operational aspects of the THOR missile. Of this number, 245 were Royal Air Force crew members. There were 109 crew members in training at the close of 1958, the majority RAF personnel.<sup>2</sup>

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1. Ibid., p. 113-114.  
2. Ibid., p. 97.

1959

February - The Division created a THOR Standardization unit within its headquarters and assigned it responsibility "for determining, developing and implementing" a THOR standardization program for the (then active) 704th Strategic Missile Wing. The Wing was further directed to nominate qualified personnel to man the team. In April 1959, because of impending deactivation of the Wing, this team was formally appointed from personnel of the 392d Missile Training Squadron (IRBM).<sup>1</sup>

2 March - One hundred and eighteen Royal Air Force and 18 USAF personnel entered the first formal (hardware-oriented) Integrated Weapon System Training class under the provisions of the THOR missile training program.<sup>2</sup>

31 March - The Squadron was formally relieved from assignment with the 704th Strategic Missile Wing and further assigned to Headquarters, 1st Missile Division, effective 6 April 1959.<sup>3</sup>

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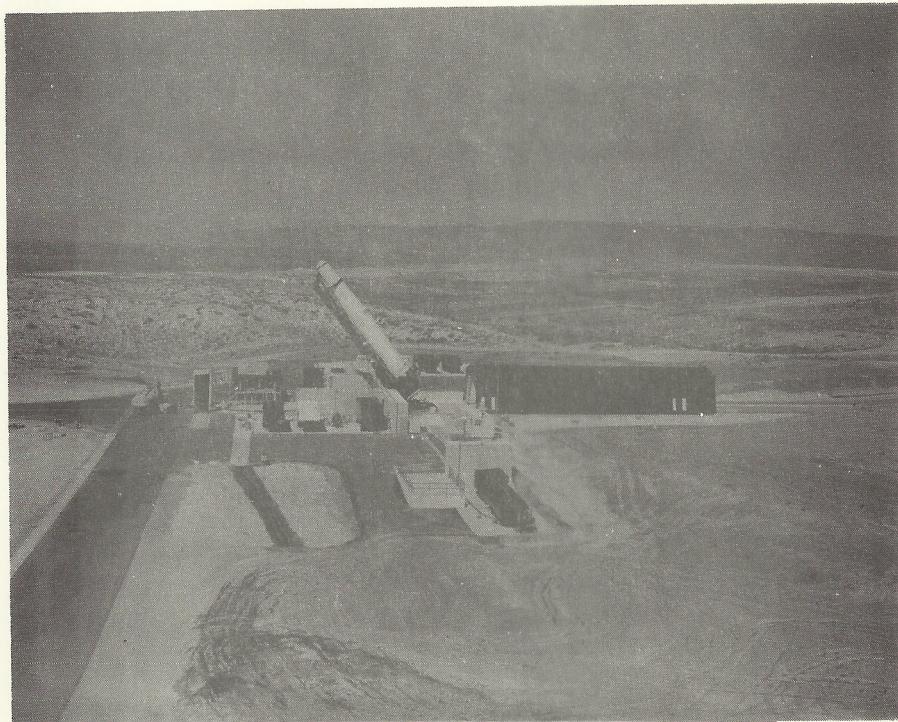
1. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 31-32.

2. Ibid., p. 164.

3. Hq 1MD GO No. 13, 31 Mar 59.



Squadron Leader Peter G. Coulson, launch control officer, who fired the first RAF Thor missile from Vandenberg Air Force Base.



Thor being raised into a firing position.

1959

9 April - THOR missile No. 178 was destroyed on Launch Em-  
placement No. 2 by a low level explosion, during  
a captive firing test conducted at Vandenberg AFB.  
  
16 April - During Operation "LIONS ROAR" a THOR missile was  
successfully fired down the Pacific Missile Range  
for the first time by an RAF crew. The crew was  
assigned to the 98th Strategic Missile Squadron  
(RAF).  
  
24 April - The first Royal Air Force class to participate in  
a THOR launch ("LIONS ROAR") graduated on this date.  
  
April - During April 1959, following a reorganization of  
the Squadron, a Quality Control and Standardization  
Division was created under the Squadron's Weapon  
System Director. This unit's responsibility was to  
conduct periodic standardization checks of mainte-  
nance and training personnel.  
  
22 May - The second formal Integrated Weapon System Training  
class, with students from the 98th Strategic Missile

1. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 37.

2. Operations Launch Order 300-75-59, "LIONS ROAR", 1MD, 1 Mar 59, p. 2.

3. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 24.

4. Rpt, 1MD Man., "Organization and Procedures, 392MTS", 1 Jul 59, p. 31.

1959

Squadron graduated on this date. The class was unable to launch a missile because of technical <sup>1</sup> problems.

2 June - Colonel Richard E. Barton assumed command of the 392d Missile Training Squadron (IRBM-THOR) vice Colonel Robert W. Christy.

16 June - A second THOR launched by a Royal Air Force crew failed to program over the ocean as planned, and was destructed at 150,000 feet. The launch was conducted by students in the third THOR Integrated Weapon System Training class, consisting of members of the 98th Strategic Missile Squadron. <sup>2</sup>

16 June - A "pad toughening" program, instituted prior to the 16 June 1959 launch, proved beneficial. A preliminary survey of emplacement damage indicated overall damage had been reduced a dramatic 50 percent from that experienced during the 16 April launch. This was attributed to pad hardening, removal of accessory equipment prior to

1. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 28.

2. Ibid., p. 29.



LIONS ROAR, the historic first launch of a Thor missile by a crew of the Royal Air Force at Vandenberg, April 16, 1959.

1959

1  
firing, etc.

1 July - The 1st Missile Division assumed direct control over squadrons previously assigned to the 704th Strategic Missile Wing.

31 July - A THOR Reliability Working Group was formed to "trouble-shoot" hardware deficiencies in the weapon system.

3 August - A third THOR missile was successfully fired from Vandenberg AFB by RAF missilemen from the 98th Strategic Missile Squadron, supervised by 392d <sup>3</sup> <sub>4</sub> instructors.

14 August - A fourth British THOR was launched from Vandenberg as the graduation exercise ending Integrated Weapon System Training for the 98th Strategic Missile Squadron.

31 August - The 392d published an operations order in support

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1. Rpt, "Preliminary Survey of Damage LE-7", 16 Jun 59, DLSM & AMCL0, History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 40.
2. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 1-2.
3. Ibid., p. 51.
4. Rpt, "Launch History, 392MTS", History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 59, p. 18.
5. Rpt, OLO 317-75-59, "SHORT SKIP", 10 Jul 59, History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 59.

1959

of the 1st Missile Division Combat Training Launch (CTL) Program. These firings were to be performed by RAF personnel returning to Vandenberg AFB from <sup>1</sup> operational missile units in the United States.

August - Planning proceeded at Division level to transfer the excess THOR launching facilities at Vandenberg to the Air Force Ballistic Missile Division and the Air Materiel Command, for continuing satellite launches and test programs. <sup>2</sup>

17 September - The 392d THOR Standardization Team was transferred to control of the Division on this date. By the end of 1959 it had administered 60 standardization checks to British launch personnel during their fifth and sixth week of training. Students were critiqued on these checks and reports of student failures were forwarded to the Squadron with recommendations for additional corrective training. <sup>3</sup>

17 September - On this date a fifth Royal Air Force THOR missile was fired in a graduation exercise by British

1. Rpt, 392MTS Operations Order 1-59, 31 Aug 59.

2. History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 44.

3. Ltr, 1MD to 392MTS, DTS, "Thor Missile Standardization", 31 Aug 59, History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 25.

1959

personnel from the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron  
<sup>1</sup>  
(RAF).

September - The 392d published an operations plan 1-59, listing an hour-by-hour and day-by-day schedule of training for each THOR specialist undergoing weapon system training. The plan was patterned after the 392d's Operations Order 1-59 (issued in connection with the first Combat Training Launch, see below) and served to clarify and <sup>2</sup> simplify the scheduling of training.

6 October - The first Combat Training (proficiency) Launch to be conducted by Royal Air Force missilemen returning to Vandenberg AFB was highly successful. Operation "FOREIGN TRAVEL" was conducted this date by British missilemen representing the 77th Strategic Missile Squadron (RAF), a unit <sup>3</sup> that had not previously fired a missile.

21 October - A seventh THOR missile was launched by a Royal Air Force crew from the 144th Strategic Missile

1. History, LMD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 30-31.

2. Rpt, Tng Div, "Monthly Missile Progress Summary", 31 Oct 59, History, LMD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 31.

3. History, LMD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 31.

1959

1

Squadron (RAF).

12 November - Royal Air Force missilemen from the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron successfully launched an eighth THOR missile (Operation "BEACH BUGGY")  
<sup>2</sup>  
 from Vandenberg AFB.

16 November - The 392d Missile Training Squadron issued a maintenance plan (334-59), pertaining to "timely and programmed calibrations and periodic inspections of missile ground support equipment."  
<sup>3</sup>

1 December - The first night launch from Vandenberg occurred during Operation "HARD RIGHT", the second launch in the CTL series. The missile was fired by a crew representing the 97th Strategic Missile Squadron, another British unit which  
<sup>4</sup>  
 had not previously fired a missile.

14 December - During the second night launching by the Royal Air Force, the THOR missile disintegrated shortly

1. Ibid., p. 34.

2. Ibid.

3. Rpt, 392MTS Maintenance Plan 334-59, 16 Nov 59, p. 2.

4. History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 34.

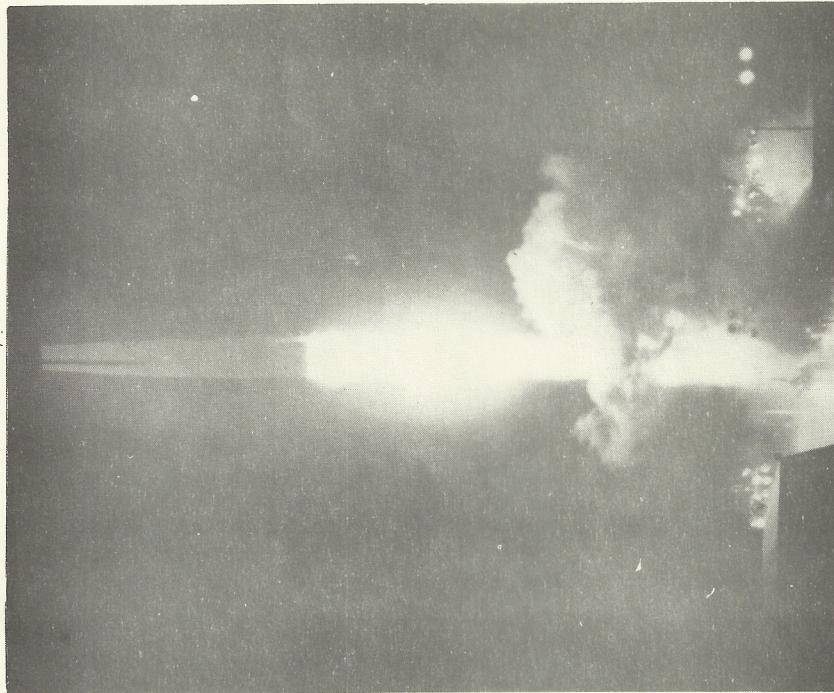
1959

after liftoff due to a materiel failure. This was the final launch of 1959 and the tenth THOR to be fired by British crew members. This launch was performed by personnel of the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron.

25 December - Lieutenant Colonel John F. Watters assumed command of the 392d Missile Training Squadron (IRBM-THOR) vice Colonel Richard E. Barton.

1960

21 January - The eleventh Royal Air Force launch of a THOR missile from Vandenberg AFB marked the end of the original training program. At a graduation ceremony held at the base theater after the successful exercise, the Royal Air Force presented a trophy to Major General David Wade, Commander, 1st Missile Division in token of "esteem and appreciation for all the United States Air Force has done for us." General Wade, in closing remarks to this last graduating class, reviewed for his audience the "vital importance to our governments" of what had been accomplished and the "tremendous increase in deterrent power which is now being supplied around the clock by Vandenberg-trained Royal Air Force crews manning the operational THOR squadrons in the United Kingdom." He said: "This program has also yielded a direct, military dividend of historic importance. The training and operational procedures that have been developed, applied and tested in this program, have produced the free world's first operational system of ballistic missile bases. Much of the knowledge and experience we have gained in this undertaking will help us



FOREIGN TRAVEL--the first RAF combat training launch, 6 October 1959.

HARD RIGHT--the first night launch from Vandenberg, 1 December 1959.

1960

accelerate the expansion of our intercontinental  
<sup>1</sup>  
 ballistic missile capability in the United States."<sup>2</sup>

29 January - Following discussions with Air Force Ballistic Missile Division and San Bernardino Air Materiel Area representatives, a transfer agreement for three THOR launch emplacements and support fa-<sup>2</sup>cilities was signed this date.

January - During the seventeen month period between September 1958 and January 1960, some 1,154 Royal Air Force personnel were trained at Vandenberg by the 392d Missile Training Squadron (IRBM-THOR). With completion of the original training program, planning was initiated for a partial phase-down of the <sup>3</sup>Squadron.

1-2 February - A CTL conference was held at Vandenberg AFB, with representatives from the Royal Air Force in attendance, to develop a final plan covering the re-<sup>4</sup>maining Combat Training Launches from Vandenberg.

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1. Graduation speech, "SAC Missileer", Base Newspaper, 22 Jan 60, History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 60, p. 101-102.
2. Rpt, 1MD/AMC "Memorandum of Agreement", History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 60, p. 120.
3. History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 59, p. 37, Jan-Jun 60, p. 99.
4. TWX, 1MD to 7AD, 4 Jan 60, History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 60, p. 104.

1960

1

15 February - The Squadron strength at this date was 243.

2 March - The Royal Air Force launched its twelfth THOR from Vandenberg AFB, and the third in the series <sup>2</sup> of Combat Training Launches.

22 March - The THOR Standardization Team was returned to control of the Squadron to continue checks of CTL <sup>3</sup> crews from the Royal Air Force.

8 May - Work began on the fourth Combat Training Launch, scheduled for June. The exercise involved the first missile rotated from the United Kingdom which, accompanied by an advanced party of Royal <sup>4</sup> Air Force personnel, arrived on this date.

20 May - Arrival of the main CTL group representing the 98th Strategic Missile Squadron, headed by Squadron Leader Peter G. Coulson (the launch control officer who fired the first Royal Air Force THOR <sup>5</sup> missile from Vandenberg 16 April 1959).

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1. Rpt, "Base Population Report", 15 Feb 60.

2. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 60, p. 108.

3. Ltr, 1MD to 392MTS, "Thor Standardization", 22 Mar 60, DXIH Files.

4. History, 1MD, Jan-Jun 60, p. 109.

5. Ibid.

1960

22 June - The fourth Combat Training Launch was successfully accomplished this date.<sup>1</sup>

22 June - The fourth CTL was critiqued at a Combat Training Launch Conference held at Vandenberg in connection with it. In attendance, besides British personnel, were SAC, 1st Missile Division, 7th Air Division,<sup>2</sup> and San Bernardino Air Materiel Area officials.

22 August - Personnel from the Hemswell Complex in the United Kingdom officially initiated the fifth Combat Training Launch exercise with the arrival of the missile and advanced party. This missile, the second to be rotated from the United Kingdom to Vandenberg, had been assigned to the 97th Strategic Missile Squadron (RAF).<sup>3</sup>

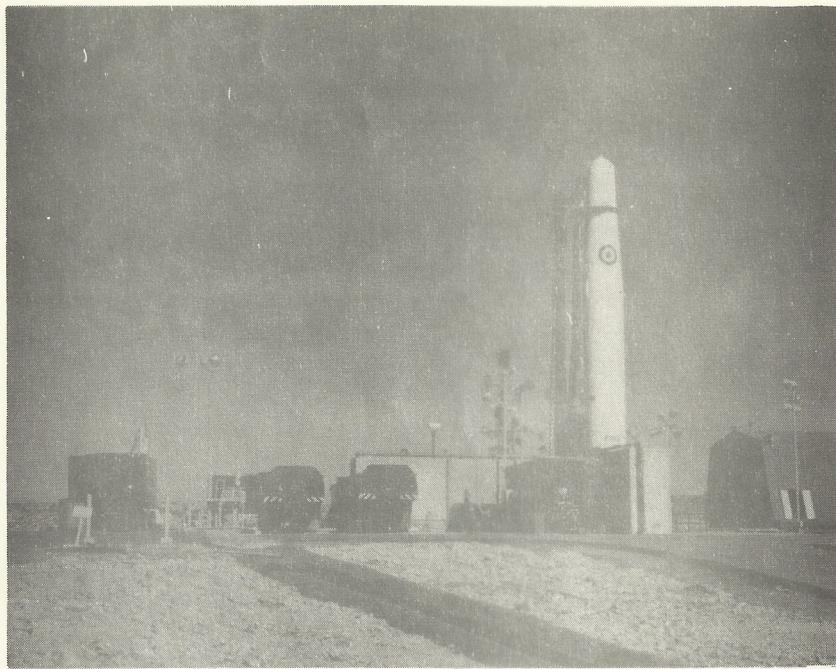
14 September - An RAF crew began formal standardization examinations with the missile including conduct of a double propellant flow; similar exercises were accomplished by two other crews on succeeding days.<sup>4</sup>

1. Ibid.

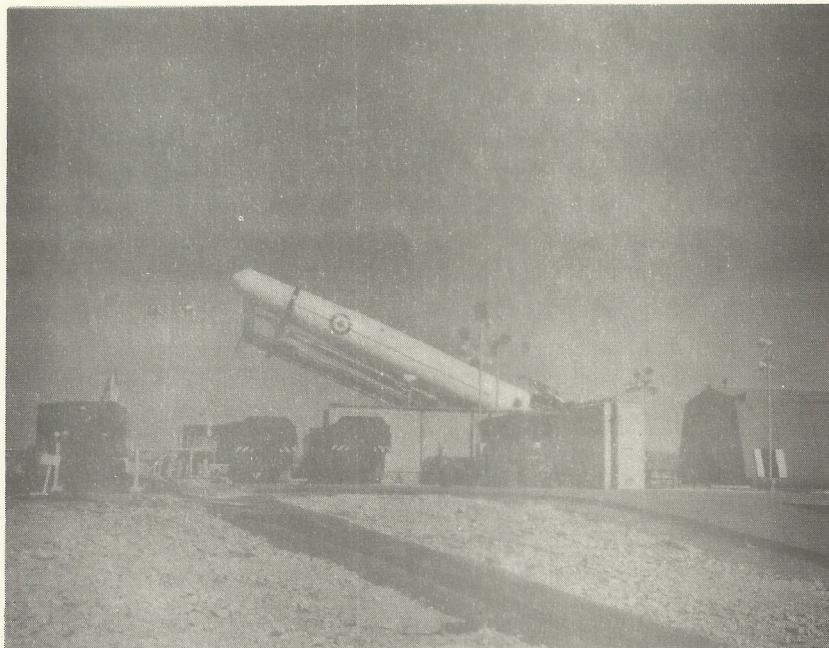
2. Ibid., p. 111.

3. History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 60, p. 127.

4. Ibid., p. 130.



A THOR is raised into firing position at Vandenberg AFB in preparation for a Royal Air Force combat training launch exercise.



1960

11 October - The fifth CTL was successfully conducted by a crew from the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron,<sup>1</sup> monitored by the 392d Missile Training Squadron.

16 October - The sixth Combat Training Launch period began on this date with the arrival from Britain of another THOR missile, assigned to the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron. This missile was accompanied by an advance party of four Royal Air Force<sup>2</sup> personnel.

18 October - The 392d published an evaluation report of the above CTL. In summing up the operation it stated that "from the standpoint of an over-all evaluation the launch was considered a highly successful exercise. It clearly demonstrated the ability of the Royal Air Force to process and launch one of their missiles at Vandenberg AFB which had been subject to field conditions in the United Kingdom."<sup>3</sup> It was also considered as a further demonstration of the basic reliability of the THOR weapon system.

1. Ibid., p. 133.

2. Ibid., p. 133-134.

3. Rpt, "392MTS Evaluation - Operation 'LEFT RUDDER'", 18 Oct 60, p. 76.

1960

November - In early November the main party of 47 Royal Air Force personnel arrived for the next Combat Training exercise.

9 November - A standardization missile was prepared to a double propellant flow configuration at Launch Emplacement No. 7 and formal standardization checks began by Crew No. 1 on this date. A second, third and fourth crew was checked out on the 10th, 14th and 15th of the month.

15 November - The 392d's personnel strength at this time stood at 78 (against an authorized strength of 71 individuals).

13 December - Royal Air Force missilemen from the 144th Strategic Missile Squadron successfully launched the sixth Combat Training Launch missile over the Pacific Missile Range on this date. It was the fifteenth THOR missile launched by the British since April 1959.

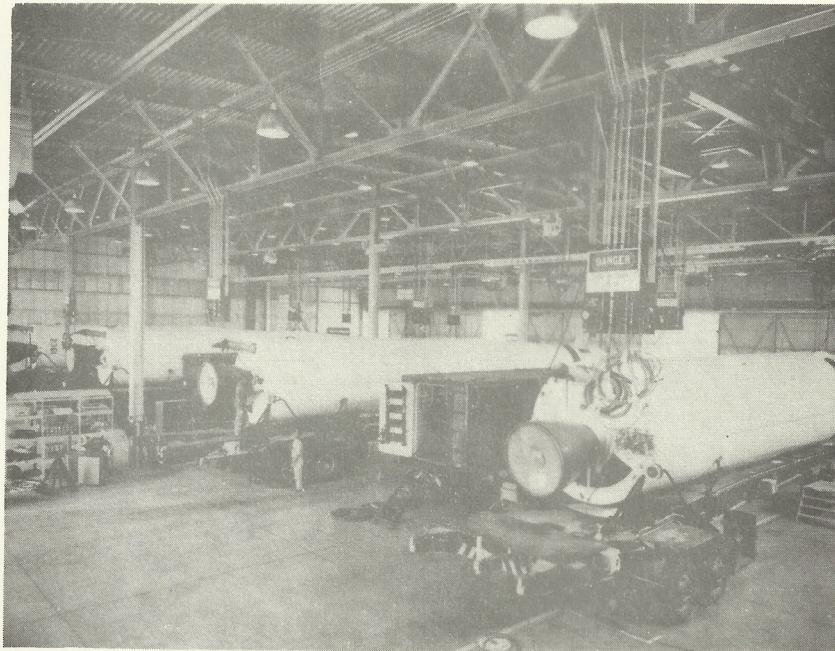
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1. History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 60, p. 133.

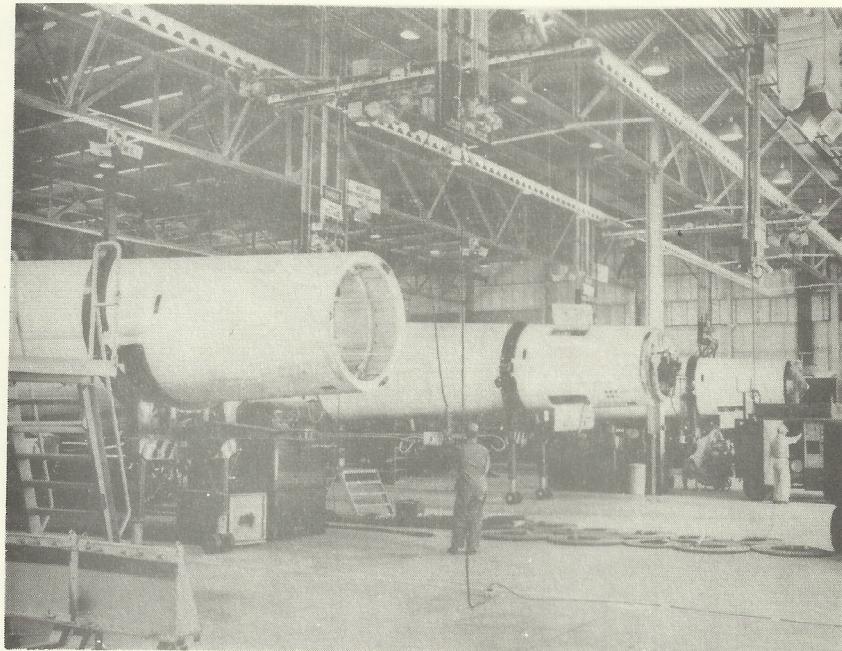
2. Ibid., p. 134.

3. Rpt, "Base Population Report", 15 Nov 60.

4. TWX, 1MD to SAC, DMMB2 17540, 16 Dec 60, History, 1MD, Jul-Dec 60, p. 134.



Thors being prepared in the missile assembly and maintenance shop at Vandenberg Air Force Base.



1961

16 January - The 392d published an operations launch plan to implement the 1st Missile Division Operations Launch Plan. The 392d's plan outlined the detailed activities of Combat Training Launch personnel from the time of their arrival at Vandenberg up to and including the completion of post launch activities.  
<sup>1</sup>

6 February - An advanced Royal Air Force party for the seventh Combat Training Launch exercise (scheduled for 28 March) arrived with their missile at Vandenberg AFB. The missile was the fourth to be rotated  
<sup>2</sup>  
from Britain.  
<sup>3</sup>

21 February - The main party arrived from Driffield Complex in  
<sup>3</sup>  
the United Kingdom.  
<sup>4</sup>

29 March - The seventh Combat Training Launch missile was successfully fired by the Royal Air Force mis-  
<sup>4</sup>  
silemen on this date.

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1. Rpt, "392MTS Operations Launch Plan 1-61", 16 Jan 61, 392MTS Files.
2. Rpt, Hq 1MD, "Evaluation Report - Operation 'SHEPHERDS BUSH'", 7 Apr 61, p. 11.
3. Ibid., p. 19.
4. Ibid., p. 55-56.

1961

24 April - The advanced party for the eighth Combat Training  
1 Launch arrived at Vandenberg.

17 May - The main Royal Air Force party arrived to prepare  
their missile in accordance with the programmed  
2 June launch date.

20 June - An RAF crew from the 130th Strategic Missile  
Squadron successfully fired the seventeenth THOR  
(eighth Combat Training Launch) from Vandenberg  
3 AFB.

3 July - The 392d, in an evaluation report pertaining to  
the eighth Combat Training Launch exercise, summed  
4 up the operation as: "successful in every aspect."

1. Rpt, Hq IMD, "Evaluation Report - Operation 'WHITE BISHOP'", 3 Jul 61, p. 9.
2. Ibid., p. 35.
3. Ibid., p. 49.
4. Ibid., p. 1.